Upstart

How China Became a Great Power

*Appendix: China’s Strategic Partnerships*

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**Strategic Partnerships[[1]](#endnote-1)**

|  |  |  |
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| **Country** | **Year Formed** | **Partnership Name (English)** |
| Afghanistan  | 2012 | 2012 China-Afghanistan Strategic and Cooperative Partnership |
| Algeria  | 2014 | 2014 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Angola  | 2010 | 2010 strategic partnership |
| Argentina  | 2004 | 2001 comprehensive partnership; 2004 strategic partnership |
| Australia | 2013 | 2013 strategic partnership of mutual trust and mutual benefit |
| Bangladesh  | 2016 | 2016 China-Bangladesh Strategic Partnership of Cooperation |
| Belarus | 2013 | 2013 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Brazil | 1993 | 1993 Strategic Partnership |
| Brunei  | 2018 | 2018 Strategic Cooperative Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Cambodia | 2010 | 2010 Comprehensive Strategic Cooperative Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Canada | 2005 | 1997 comprehensive partnership; 2005 strategic partnership |
| Chile  | 2012 | 2004 comprehensive partnership; 2012 strategic partnership |
| Costa Rica | 2015 | 2015 China-Costa Rica Strategic Partnership of Equality, Mutual Trust and Win-win Cooperation |
| Cyprus | 2021 | 2021 Strategic Partnership  |
| Denmark | 2008 | 2008 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Ecuador  | 2015 | 2015 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership  |
| Egypt  | 1999 | 1999 Strategic Partnerships; 2014 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership  |
| European Union | 2003 | 1998 long-term and stable constructive partnership facing the 21st Century; 2001 comprehensive partnership; 2003 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Fiji  | 2014 | 2014 Strategic Partnership  |
| France | 2004 | 1997 comprehensive partnership; 2004 comprehensive strategic partnership;2010 new, mature and stable comprehensive strategic partnership based on mutual trust and mutual benefit and with a global perspective; 2014 close and lasting comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Germany | 2004 | 2004 a partnership of global responsibility within the framework of Sino-European comprehensive strategic partnership; 2014 all-dimensional strategic partnership |
| Greece | 2006 | 2006 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Indonesia  | 2005 | 2005 Joint Declaration on Strategic Partnership; 2013 Future Direction of Indonesia–China Comprehensive Strategic Partnership , ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Iran | 2021 | 2021 25 Year Strategic Partnership Agreement |
| Iraq | 2014 | 2015 Long-term and Comprehensive Strategic Partnership on Energy Cooperation |
| Ireland | 2012 | 2012 strategic partnership of mutual benefit |
| Italy | 2004 | 1998 comprehensive partnership; 2004 stable, friendly, long-term and sustainable strategic partnership |
| Jordan | 2015 | 2015 Strategic Cooperation Agreement  |
| Kazakhstan  | 2002 | 2002 Treaty of Good-Neighborliness and Friendly Cooperation Between the People's Republic of China and the Republic of Kazakhstan; 2011 Joint Statement on Developing Comprehensive Strategic Partnership Between the People's Republic of China and the Republic of Kazakhstan; 2015 New Stage of Comprehensive Strategic Partnership Between the People's Republic of China and the Republic of Kazakhstan |
| Kyrgyzstan  | 2018 | 2018 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership  |
| Laos | 2009 | 2009 Comprehensive Strategic Cooperative Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Malaysia | 2013 | 2013 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Mexico | 2003 | 1997 comprehensive partnership; 2003 strategic partnership of cooperation; 2013 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Mongolia  | 2014 | 2014 Mongolia – China Joint Declaration on Developing Comprehensive Strategic Partnership Relations |
| Myanmar  | 2011 | 2011 Comprehensive Strategic Cooperative Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| New Zealand | 2003 | 2003 New Zealand-China Comprehensive Cooperative Relationship; 2014 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership  |
| Nigeria  | 2005 | 2010 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Pakistan | 2018 | 2018 All-weather Strategic Cooperative Partnership |
| Peru | 2008 | 2004 comphrensive partnership; 2008 strategic partnership; 2013 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Philippines | 2018 | 2018 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Poland | 2011 | 2004 friendly cooperative partnership; 2011 strategic partnership |
| Portugal | 2005 | 2005 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Qatar  | 2014 | 2014 Strategic Partnership  |
| Republic of Congo | 2013 | 2013 Sino-Congolese Comprehensive Cooperative Partnership of Solidarity and Mutual Assistance |
| Russia | 1996 | 1994 constructive partnership featuring good neighbourliness and mutually beneficial cooperation; 1996 partnership of strategic coordination based on equality and mutual benefit and oriented toward the 21st century; 2011 comprehensive strategic partnership of coordination |
| Saudi Arabia | 2016 | 2016 Comprehensive Strategic Partnersihp  |
| Serbia | 2009 | 2009 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Singapore | 2021 | ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| South Africa  | 2004 | 2004 strategic partnership featuring equality, mutual benefit and common development; |
| South Korea  | 2008 | 2008 Strategic Cooperative Partnership  |
| Spain | 2005 | 2005 comprehensive strategic partnership |
| Sri Lanka  | 2014 | 2014 China-Sri Lanka Strategic Cooperative Partnership for Solid and In-Depth Development |
| Sudan | 2015 | 2015 Strategic Partnership  |
| Switzerland | 2016 | 2016 Innovative Strategic Partnership  |
| Tajikistan | 2017 | 2017 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership  |
| Tanzania | 2022 | 2022 Comprehensive Strategic Cooperative Partnership |
| Thailand | 2012 | 2012 Comprehensive Strategic Cooperative Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| Turkmenistan | 2013 | 2013 Strategic partnership |
| Turkey | 2010 | 2010 Strategic Partnership  |
| UAE  | 2018 | 2018 Comprehensive Strategic Partnership  |
| UK | 2004 | 1998 comprehensive partnership; 2004 comprehensive strategic partnership; 2015 UK-China Global Comprehensive Strategic Partnership for the 21st Century |
| Ukraine | 2011 | 2011 strategic partnership |
| USA  | 1997 | 1997 Constructive strategic partnership; 2011 a cooperative partnership based on mutual respect and mutual benefit  |
| Uzbekistan | 2016 | 2005 China-Uzbek Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation; 2016 Comprehensive Strategic Partnersihp  |
| Venezuela | 2001 | 2001 strategic partnership for common development  |
| Vietnam | 2008 | 2008 Comprehensive Strategic Cooperative Partnership, ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| ASEAN  | 2003 | 1997 partnership facing the 21st century based on good neighbourliness and mutual trust; 2003 strategic partnership for peace and prosperity; ASEAN-China Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2021 – 2025) |
| African Union | 2006 | 2006 a new type of strategic partnership |

1. Data from Quan Li and Min Ye, “China’s Emerging Partnership Network: What, Who, Where, When and Why,” *International Trade, Politics and Development* 3, no. 2 (2019): 66–81; Han Zhen and Mihaela Papa, “Alliances in Chinese International Relations: Are They Ending or Rejuvenating?,” *Asian Security* 17, no. 2 (2020); Feng Zhongping and Huang Jing, “China’s Strategic Partnership Diplomacy: Engaging with a Changing World,” European Strategic Partnerships Observatory, Working Paper 8 (2014), <https://www.files.ethz.ch/isn/181324/China%E2%80%99s%20strategic%20partnership%20diplomacy_%20engaging%20with%20a%20changing%20world%20.pdf>; Georg Strüver, “China’s Partnership Diplomacy: International Alignment Based on Interests or Ideology,” *Chinese Journal of International Politics* 10, no. 1 (2017): 31–65. [↑](#endnote-ref-1)